



# Applaa ACCA Practice Mock 239

Mock Practice Exam Booklet

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# Instructions & Study Method

Welcome to your Applaa offline practice booklet. Please follow these guidelines to maximize your learning outcome:

- 1. Distraction-Free Practice:** Solve the multiple-choice questions in Section 1 under timed conditions. Do not look for shortcuts or answers until you are completely done.
- 2. Check & Submit Online:** We have intentionally excluded the answer key from this printout. To get your score, see worked solutions, and track your progress metrics, open: <https://applaa.com/practice/check?exam=acca&paper;=239> on any browser. Bubble in your answers in our digital check sheet.
- 3. Learn with Appy Buddy (AI Socratic Tutor):** Applaa is a 100% ad-free educational space. Our online AI Tutor guides you step-by-step through questions you get wrong, showing you how to solve them rather than just giving you the answer.

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# Section 1: Practice Questions

## Question 1 — [Financial Accounting / Asset Valuation and Depreciation]

Crown Paper Ltd disposed of a delivery vehicle for £52,800. The vehicle had originally cost £88,000 and had accumulated depreciation of £44,000 at the date of disposal. What is the gain or loss on disposal to be recorded in profit or loss?

- A: Gain on disposal of £8,800
- B: Loss on disposal of £8,800
- C: Gain on disposal of £-35,200
- D: Loss on disposal of £44,000

## Question 2 — [Financial Accounting / Double-Entry Bookkeeping]

At 31 March, the bank statement of Meridian Distributors Ltd shows a credit balance of £19,200. Unpresented checks total £4,800, and outstanding uncleared lodgements total £2,400. What is the reconciled balance that should appear in Meridian Distributors Ltd's cash book?

- A: £16,800
- B: £21,600
- C: £26,400
- D: £12,000

## Question 3 — [Financial Accounting / Double-Entry Bookkeeping]

The sole trader of Aura Goods Ltd took goods costing £5,500 from the business for personal use. These goods had a selling price of £8,250. What is the correct double entry to record this transaction?

- A: Debit Drawings £5,500, Credit Purchases £5,500
- B: Debit Drawings £8,250, Credit Revenue £8,250
- C: Debit Purchases £5,500, Credit Drawings £5,500
- D: Debit Inventory £5,500, Credit Drawings £5,500

## Question 4 — [Financial Accounting / Asset Valuation and Depreciation]

An entity purchased a machine on 1 January Year 1 for £24,000. The residual value of the machine is estimated to be £2,400 with an estimated useful life of 4 years. The entity uses the straight-line method of depreciation. What is the carrying value (net book value) of the machine on 31 December Year 2?

- A: £18,600
- B: £13,200
- C: £10,800
- D: £16,200

**Question 5 — [Financial Accounting / VAT Computations]**

A grocery distributor, Pinnacle Consulting Ltd, recorded net sales of £144,000 for standard-rate products (20% VAT) and £72,000 for zero-rated food products. What is the total output VAT generated on these sales?

- A: £28,800
- B: £43,200
- C: £14,400
- D: £0 (all food products are exempt from output VAT)

**Question 6 — [Financial Accounting / Trial Balance Reconciliation]**

A bookkeeper at Nexus Media plc prepared a trial balance which failed to agree, with the credit side exceeding the debit side by £120. A suspense account was opened. Which of the following errors, when corrected, could explain this difference?

- A: A purchase invoice for £60 was completely omitted from the books.
- B: A cash payment of £60 to a supplier was debited to the purchases account but not credited to the cash account.
- C: Sales of £60 were recorded by debiting Receivables Control and debiting Sales Account.
- D: A purchase return of £60 was debited to the Purchase Returns account and credited to Receivables Control.

**Question 7 — [Financial Accounting / Asset Valuation and Depreciation]**

Apex Trading Ltd completed two projects during the year: 1) Purchased and installed a new warehouse conveyor belt system for £125,000, and 2) Had the exterior of the existing office block repainted for £12,500. How should these expenditures be classified?

- A: Both projects are Capital Expenditure.
- B: Warehouse system: Capital Expenditure (£125,000), Repainting: Revenue Expenditure (£12,500)
- C: Warehouse system: Revenue Expenditure (£125,000), Repainting: Capital Expenditure (£12,500)
- D: Both projects are Revenue Expenditure.

**Question 8 — [Financial Accounting / Double-Entry Bookkeeping]**

For the year ended 31 December, Crest Hotels Ltd paid rent of £14,400. At the year-end, the company had an outstanding electricity invoice of £1,200 which has not yet been paid. What are the adjusting entries required at the year-end to record this accrual?

- A: Debit Accruals £1,200, Credit Electricity Expense £1,200
- B: Debit Electricity Expense £1,200, Credit Accruals (Liabilities) £1,200
- C: Debit Cash £1,200, Credit Electricity Expense £1,200
- D: Debit Electricity Expense £1,200, Credit Prepayments (Assets) £1,200

**Question 9 — [Financial Accounting / Double-Entry Bookkeeping]**

The sole trader of Crown Paper Ltd took goods costing £5,500 from the business for personal use. These goods had a selling price of £8,250. What is the correct double entry to record this transaction?

- A: Debit Drawings £5,500, Credit Purchases £5,500
- B: Debit Drawings £8,250, Credit Revenue £8,250
- C: Debit Purchases £5,500, Credit Drawings £5,500
- D: Debit Inventory £5,500, Credit Drawings £5,500

**Question 10 — [Financial Accounting / Asset Valuation and Depreciation]**

Omega Foodstuffs plc completed two projects during the year: 1) Purchased and installed a new warehouse conveyor belt system for £42,000, and 2) Had the exterior of the existing office block repainted for £4,200. How should these expenditures be classified?

- A: Both projects are Capital Expenditure.
- B: Warehouse system: Capital Expenditure (£42,000), Repainting: Revenue Expenditure (£4,200)
- C: Warehouse system: Revenue Expenditure (£42,000), Repainting: Capital Expenditure (£4,200)
- D: Both projects are Revenue Expenditure.

**Question 11 — [Financial Accounting / Double-Entry Bookkeeping]**

At 31 March, the bank statement of Pinnacle Consulting Ltd shows a credit balance of £7,200. Unpresented checks total £1,800, and outstanding uncleared lodgements total £900. What is the reconciled balance that should appear in Pinnacle Consulting Ltd's cash book?

- A: £6,300
- B: £8,100
- C: £9,900
- D: £4,500

**Question 12 — [Financial Accounting / VAT Computations]**

A grocery distributor, Beacon Logistics LLP, recorded net sales of £112,000 for standard-rate products (20% VAT) and £56,000 for zero-rated food products. What is the total output VAT generated on these sales?

- A: £22,400
- B: £33,600
- C: £11,200
- D: £0 (all food products are exempt from output VAT)

**Question 13 — [Financial Accounting / VAT Computations]**

Zephyr Services LLP purchased a motor car for £18,000 inclusive of VAT, for use by a director. The car is used 60% for business travel and 40% for private travel. What is the input VAT recovery rule regarding this vehicle?

- A: Input VAT can be recovered in full (100%).
- B: Input VAT can be recovered at 60% representing the business use portion.
- C: No input VAT can be recovered because input VAT is generally blocked on passenger motor cars unless used exclusively for business (0% recovery).
- D: Input VAT can be recovered in full if the car is leased rather than purchased.

**Question 14 — [Financial Accounting / Double-Entry Bookkeeping]**

The Receivables Ledger Control Account of Solar Energy plc is shown in the diagram. Credit sales of £6,000 were recorded, and cash of £4,800 was received from credit customers. What is the correct closing balance (balance c/f) of the account?

- A: £4,200 Debit closing balance
- B: £4,200 Credit closing balance
- C: £9,000 Debit closing balance
- D: £4,800 Credit closing balance

**Question 15 — [Financial Accounting / Double-Entry Bookkeeping]**

At 31 March, the bank statement of Pinnacle Consulting Ltd shows a credit balance of £28,800. Unpresented checks total £7,200, and outstanding uncleared lodgements total £3,600. What is the reconciled balance that should appear in Pinnacle Consulting Ltd's cash book?

- A: £25,200
- B: £32,400
- C: £39,600
- D: £18,000

**Question 16 — [Financial Accounting / VAT Computations]**

A grocery distributor, Apex Trading Ltd, recorded net sales of £9,600 for standard-rate products (20% VAT) and £4,800 for zero-rated food products. What is the total output VAT generated on these sales?

- A: £1,920
- B: £2,880
- C: £960
- D: £0 (all food products are exempt from output VAT)

**Question 17 — [Financial Accounting / Double-Entry Bookkeeping]**

The sole trader of Crest Hotels Ltd took goods costing £8,250 from the business for personal use. These goods had a selling price of £12,375. What is the correct double entry to record this transaction?

- A: Debit Drawings £8,250, Credit Purchases £8,250
- B: Debit Drawings £12,375, Credit Revenue £12,375
- C: Debit Purchases £8,250, Credit Drawings £8,250
- D: Debit Inventory £8,250, Credit Drawings £8,250

**Question 18 — [Financial Accounting / Trial Balance Reconciliation]**

The trial balance of Swift Logistics Ltd balanced perfectly. However, it was later discovered that a purchase of equipment costing £1,800 was entered into the repairs and maintenance account. What type of error has occurred?

- A: Error of Omission
- B: Error of Commission
- C: Error of Principle
- D: Error of Reversal

**Question 19 — [Financial Accounting / VAT Computations]**

Summit Manufacturing Ltd purchased a motor car for £96,000 inclusive of VAT, for use by a director. The car is used 60% for business travel and 40% for private travel. What is the input VAT recovery rule regarding this vehicle?

- A: Input VAT can be recovered in full (100%).
- B: Input VAT can be recovered at 60% representing the business use portion.
- C: No input VAT can be recovered because input VAT is generally blocked on passenger motor cars unless used exclusively for business (0% recovery).
- D: Input VAT can be recovered in full if the car is leased rather than purchased.

**Question 20 — [Financial Accounting / Double-Entry Bookkeeping]**

At 31 March, the bank statement of Genesis Enterprises Ltd shows a credit balance of £14,400. Unpresented checks total £3,600, and outstanding uncleared lodgements total £1,800. What is the reconciled balance that should appear in Genesis Enterprises Ltd's cash book?

- A: £12,600
- B: £16,200
- C: £19,800
- D: £9,000

# Submit Answers & Check worked Solutions

## ■ Section Complete!

You have completed this practice exam paper. To check your answers and view step-by-step worked explanations:

■ Go to: <https://applaa.com/practice/check?exam=acca&paper;=239>

Simply bubble in your choices (e.g. A, B, C, D) and get instantly scored! You can then review the explanations or chat with Appy Buddy (AI Socratic tutor) to understand complex concepts.