



Applaa ACCA Practice Mock 197

Mock Practice Exam Booklet

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Instructions & Study Method

Welcome to your Applaa offline practice booklet. Please follow these guidelines to maximize your learning outcome:

- 1. Distraction-Free Practice:** Solve the multiple-choice questions in Section 1 under timed conditions. Do not look for shortcuts or answers until you are completely done.
- 2. Check & Submit Online:** We have intentionally excluded the answer key from this printout. To get your score, see worked solutions, and track your progress metrics, open: <https://applaa.com/practice/check?exam=acca&paper;=197> on any browser. Bubble in your answers in our digital check sheet.
- 3. Learn with Appy Buddy (AI Socratic Tutor):** Applaa is a 100% ad-free educational space. Our online AI Tutor guides you step-by-step through questions you get wrong, showing you how to solve them rather than just giving you the answer.

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Section 1: Practice Questions

Question 1 — [Financial Accounting / VAT Computations]

For the last quarter, Nexus Media plc had net credit sales of £150,000 (excluding VAT). Gross purchases inclusive of 20% VAT were £90,000. What is the net VAT amount payable to (or reclaimable from) the tax authority?

- A: £15,000 Payable
- B: £15,000 Reclaimable
- C: £30,000 Payable
- D: £12,000 Payable

Question 2 — [Financial Accounting / Double-Entry Bookkeeping]

The Receivables Ledger Control Account of Pinnacle Consulting Ltd is shown in the diagram. Credit sales of £18,000 were recorded, and cash of £14,400 was received from credit customers. What is the correct closing balance (balance c/f) of the account?

- A: £12,600 Debit closing balance
- B: £12,600 Credit closing balance
- C: £27,000 Debit closing balance
- D: £14,400 Credit closing balance

Question 3 — [Financial Accounting / Asset Valuation and Depreciation]

An entity purchased a machine on 1 January Year 1 for £42,000. The residual value of the machine is estimated to be £4,200 with an estimated useful life of 3 years. The entity uses the straight-line method of depreciation. What is the carrying value (net book value) of the machine on 31 December Year 2?

- A: £29,400
- B: £16,800
- C: £12,600
- D: £25,200

Question 4 — [Financial Accounting / Asset Valuation and Depreciation]

Alpha Properties Ltd completed two projects during the year: 1) Purchased and installed a new warehouse conveyor belt system for £250,000, and 2) Had the exterior of the existing office block repainted for £25,000. How should these expenditures be classified?

- A: Both projects are Capital Expenditure.
- B: Warehouse system: Capital Expenditure (£250,000), Repainting: Revenue Expenditure (£25,000)
- C: Warehouse system: Revenue Expenditure (£250,000), Repainting: Capital Expenditure (£25,000)
- D: Both projects are Revenue Expenditure.

Question 5 — [Financial Accounting / Asset Valuation and Depreciation]

Pinnacle Consulting Ltd disposed of a delivery vehicle for £120,000. The vehicle had originally cost £200,000 and had accumulated depreciation of £100,000 at the date of disposal. What is the gain or loss on disposal to be recorded in profit or loss?

- A: Gain on disposal of £20,000
- B: Loss on disposal of £20,000
- C: Gain on disposal of £80,000
- D: Loss on disposal of £100,000

Question 6 — [Financial Accounting / Asset Valuation and Depreciation]

Nexus Media plc completed two projects during the year: 1) Purchased and installed a new warehouse conveyor belt system for £48,000, and 2) Had the exterior of the existing office block repainted for £4,800. How should these expenditures be classified?

- A: Both projects are Capital Expenditure.
- B: Warehouse system: Capital Expenditure (£48,000), Repainting: Revenue Expenditure (£4,800)
- C: Warehouse system: Revenue Expenditure (£48,000), Repainting: Capital Expenditure (£4,800)
- D: Both projects are Revenue Expenditure.

Question 7 — [Financial Accounting / Double-Entry Bookkeeping]

The sole trader of Alpha Properties Ltd took goods costing £5,500 from the business for personal use. These goods had a selling price of £8,250. What is the correct double entry to record this transaction?

- A: Debit Drawings £5,500, Credit Purchases £5,500
- B: Debit Drawings £8,250, Credit Revenue £8,250
- C: Debit Purchases £5,500, Credit Drawings £5,500
- D: Debit Inventory £5,500, Credit Drawings £5,500

Question 8 — [Financial Accounting / VAT Computations]

Nexus Media plc purchased a motor car for £42,000 inclusive of VAT, for use by a director. The car is used 60% for business travel and 40% for private travel. What is the input VAT recovery rule regarding this vehicle?

- A: Input VAT can be recovered in full (100%).
- B: Input VAT can be recovered at 60% representing the business use portion.
- C: No input VAT can be recovered because input VAT is generally blocked on passenger motor cars unless used exclusively for business (0% recovery).
- D: Input VAT can be recovered in full if the car is leased rather than purchased.

Question 9 — [Financial Accounting / Double-Entry Bookkeeping]

The Receivables Ledger Control Account of Nova Tech Solutions Ltd is shown in the diagram. Credit sales of £15,000 were recorded, and cash of £12,000 was received from credit customers. What is the correct closing balance (balance c/f) of the account?

- A: £10,500 Debit closing balance
- B: £10,500 Credit closing balance
- C: £22,500 Debit closing balance
- D: £12,000 Credit closing balance

Question 10 — [Financial Accounting / Double-Entry Bookkeeping]

At 31 March, the bank statement of Solar Energy plc shows a credit balance of £50,000. Unpresented checks total £12,500, and outstanding uncleared lodgements total £6,250. What is the reconciled balance that should appear in Solar Energy plc's cash book?

- A: £43,750
- B: £56,250
- C: £68,750
- D: £31,250

Question 11 — [Financial Accounting / VAT Computations]

For the last quarter, Crest Hotels Ltd had net credit sales of £150,000 (excluding VAT). Gross purchases inclusive of 20% VAT were £90,000. What is the net VAT amount payable to (or reclaimable from) the tax authority?

- A: £15,000 Payable
- B: £15,000 Reclaimable
- C: £30,000 Payable
- D: £12,000 Payable

Question 12 — [Financial Accounting / Asset Valuation and Depreciation]

Vanguard Retail Ltd completed two projects during the year: 1) Purchased and installed a new warehouse conveyor belt system for £8,000, and 2) Had the exterior of the existing office block repainted for £800. How should these expenditures be classified?

- A: Both projects are Capital Expenditure.
- B: Warehouse system: Capital Expenditure (£8,000), Repainting: Revenue Expenditure (£800)
- C: Warehouse system: Revenue Expenditure (£8,000), Repainting: Capital Expenditure (£800)
- D: Both projects are Revenue Expenditure.

Question 13 — [Financial Accounting / Double-Entry Bookkeeping]

The sole trader of Nova Tech Solutions Ltd took goods costing £900 from the business for personal use. These goods had a selling price of £1,350. What is the correct double entry to record this transaction?

- A: Debit Drawings £900, Credit Purchases £900
- B: Debit Drawings £1,350, Credit Revenue £1,350
- C: Debit Purchases £900, Credit Drawings £900
- D: Debit Inventory £900, Credit Drawings £900

Question 14 — [Financial Accounting / Double-Entry Bookkeeping]

The sole trader of Zephyr Services LLP took goods costing £2,700 from the business for personal use. These goods had a selling price of £4,050. What is the correct double entry to record this transaction?

- A: Debit Drawings £2,700, Credit Purchases £2,700
- B: Debit Drawings £4,050, Credit Revenue £4,050
- C: Debit Purchases £2,700, Credit Drawings £2,700
- D: Debit Inventory £2,700, Credit Drawings £2,700

Question 15 — [Financial Accounting / Double-Entry Bookkeeping]

At 31 March, the bank statement of Falcon Engineering Ltd shows a credit balance of £19,200. Unpresented checks total £4,800, and outstanding uncleared lodgements total £2,400. What is the reconciled balance that should appear in Falcon Engineering Ltd's cash book?

- A: £16,800
- B: £21,600
- C: £26,400
- D: £12,000

Question 16 — [Financial Accounting / Double-Entry Bookkeeping]

The Receivables Ledger Control Account of Meridian Distributors Ltd is shown in the diagram. Credit sales of £5,400 were recorded, and cash of £4,320 was received from credit customers. What is the correct closing balance (balance c/f) of the account?

- A: £3,780 Debit closing balance
- B: £3,780 Credit closing balance
- C: £8,100 Debit closing balance
- D: £4,320 Credit closing balance

Question 17 — [Financial Accounting / Asset Valuation and Depreciation]

Vanguard Retail Ltd completed two projects during the year: 1) Purchased and installed a new warehouse conveyor belt system for £250,000, and 2) Had the exterior of the existing office block repainted for £25,000. How should these expenditures be classified?

- A: Both projects are Capital Expenditure.
- B: Warehouse system: Capital Expenditure (£250,000), Repainting: Revenue Expenditure (£25,000)
- C: Warehouse system: Revenue Expenditure (£250,000), Repainting: Capital Expenditure (£25,000)
- D: Both projects are Revenue Expenditure.

Question 18 — [Financial Accounting / Double-Entry Bookkeeping]

For the year ended 31 December, Vanguard Retail Ltd paid rent of £49,500. At the year-end, the company had an outstanding electricity invoice of £4,125 which has not yet been paid. What are the adjusting entries required at the year-end to record this accrual?

- A: Debit Accruals £4,125, Credit Electricity Expense £4,125
- B: Debit Electricity Expense £4,125, Credit Accruals (Liabilities) £4,125
- C: Debit Cash £4,125, Credit Electricity Expense £4,125
- D: Debit Electricity Expense £4,125, Credit Prepayments (Assets) £4,125

Question 19 — [Financial Accounting / Double-Entry Bookkeeping]

For the year ended 31 December, Solar Energy plc paid rent of £28,800. At the year-end, the company had an outstanding electricity invoice of £2,400 which has not yet been paid. What are the adjusting entries required at the year-end to record this accrual?

- A: Debit Accruals £2,400, Credit Electricity Expense £2,400
- B: Debit Electricity Expense £2,400, Credit Accruals (Liabilities) £2,400
- C: Debit Cash £2,400, Credit Electricity Expense £2,400
- D: Debit Electricity Expense £2,400, Credit Prepayments (Assets) £2,400

Question 20 — [Financial Accounting / Asset Valuation and Depreciation]

Nova Tech Solutions Ltd completed two projects during the year: 1) Purchased and installed a new warehouse conveyor belt system for £150,000, and 2) Had the exterior of the existing office block repainted for £15,000. How should these expenditures be classified?

- A: Both projects are Capital Expenditure.
- B: Warehouse system: Capital Expenditure (£150,000), Repainting: Revenue Expenditure (£15,000)
- C: Warehouse system: Revenue Expenditure (£150,000), Repainting: Capital Expenditure (£15,000)
- D: Both projects are Revenue Expenditure.

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■ Section Complete!

You have completed this practice exam paper. To check your answers and view step-by-step worked explanations:

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Simply bubble in your choices (e.g. A, B, C, D) and get instantly scored! You can then review the explanations or chat with Appy Buddy (AI Socratic tutor) to understand complex concepts.