



Applaa ACCA Practice Mock 184

Mock Practice Exam Booklet

Applaa: Socratic Practice Engine

Submit and grade your answers online for instant worked solutions:

<https://applaa.com/practice/check?exam=acca&paper=184>

Instructions & Study Method

Welcome to your Applaa offline practice booklet. Please follow these guidelines to maximize your learning outcome:

- 1. Distraction-Free Practice:** Solve the multiple-choice questions in Section 1 under timed conditions. Do not look for shortcuts or answers until you are completely done.
- 2. Check & Submit Online:** We have intentionally excluded the answer key from this printout. To get your score, see worked solutions, and track your progress metrics, open: <https://applaa.com/practice/check?exam=acca&paper;=184> on any browser. Bubble in your answers in our digital check sheet.
- 3. Learn with Appy Buddy (AI Socratic Tutor):** Applaa is a 100% ad-free educational space. Our online AI Tutor guides you step-by-step through questions you get wrong, showing you how to solve them rather than just giving you the answer.

■ SUPERCHARGE YOUR STUDIES WITH APPLAA DESKTOP APP

Tired of printing PDFs and manual grading? Download the **Applaa Desktop Application**. It includes interactive exam mocks, real-time pacing stats, auto-grading, and personalized Socratic AI support. Get a **14-day free trial** of our premium preparation package to track your progress rate.

Download: <https://applaa.com/download>

Section 1: Practice Questions

Question 1 — [Financial Accounting / VAT Computations]

For the last quarter, Apex Trading Ltd had net credit sales of £36,000 (excluding VAT). Gross purchases inclusive of 20% VAT were £21,600. What is the net VAT amount payable to (or reclaimable from) the tax authority?

- A: £3,600 Payable
- B: £3,600 Reclaimable
- C: £7,200 Payable
- D: £2,880 Payable

Question 2 — [Financial Accounting / Asset Valuation and Depreciation]

Omega Foodstuffs plc completed two projects during the year: 1) Purchased and installed a new warehouse conveyor belt system for £180,000, and 2) Had the exterior of the existing office block repainted for £18,000. How should these expenditures be classified?

- A: Both projects are Capital Expenditure.
- B: Warehouse system: Capital Expenditure (£180,000), Repainting: Revenue Expenditure (£18,000)
- C: Warehouse system: Revenue Expenditure (£180,000), Repainting: Capital Expenditure (£18,000)
- D: Both projects are Revenue Expenditure.

Question 3 — [Financial Accounting / VAT Computations]

For the last quarter, Crest Hotels Ltd had net credit sales of £12,000 (excluding VAT). Gross purchases inclusive of 20% VAT were £7,200. What is the net VAT amount payable to (or reclaimable from) the tax authority?

- A: £1,200 Payable
- B: £1,200 Reclaimable
- C: £2,400 Payable
- D: £960 Payable

Question 4 — [Financial Accounting / Double-Entry Bookkeeping]

At 31 March, the bank statement of Falcon Engineering Ltd shows a credit balance of £9,600. Unpresented checks total £2,400, and outstanding uncleared lodgements total £1,200. What is the reconciled balance that should appear in Falcon Engineering Ltd's cash book?

- A: £8,400
- B: £10,800
- C: £13,200
- D: £6,000

Question 5 — [Financial Accounting / Double-Entry Bookkeeping]

At 31 March, the bank statement of Beacon Logistics LLP shows a credit balance of £19,200. Unpresented checks total £4,800, and outstanding uncleared lodgements total £2,400. What is the reconciled balance that should appear in Beacon Logistics LLP's cash book?

- A: £16,800
- B: £21,600
- C: £26,400
- D: £12,000

Question 6 — [Financial Accounting / Trial Balance Reconciliation]

The trial balance of Crest Hotels Ltd balanced perfectly. However, it was later discovered that a purchase of equipment costing £9,600 was entered into the repairs and maintenance account. What type of error has occurred?

- A: Error of Omission
- B: Error of Commission
- C: Error of Principle
- D: Error of Reversal

Question 7 — [Financial Accounting / Double-Entry Bookkeeping]

The Receivables Ledger Control Account of Aura Goods Ltd is shown in the diagram. Credit sales of £18,000 were recorded, and cash of £14,400 was received from credit customers. What is the correct closing balance (balance c/f) of the account?

- A: £12,600 Debit closing balance
- B: £12,600 Credit closing balance
- C: £27,000 Debit closing balance
- D: £14,400 Credit closing balance

Question 8 — [Financial Accounting / VAT Computations]

For the last quarter, Omega Foodstuffs plc had net credit sales of £150,000 (excluding VAT). Gross purchases inclusive of 20% VAT were £90,000. What is the net VAT amount payable to (or reclaimable from) the tax authority?

- A: £15,000 Payable
- B: £15,000 Reclaimable
- C: £30,000 Payable
- D: £12,000 Payable

Question 9 — [Financial Accounting / Asset Valuation and Depreciation]

Aura Goods Ltd disposed of a delivery vehicle for £5,760. The vehicle had originally cost £9,600 and had accumulated depreciation of £4,800 at the date of disposal. What is the gain or loss on disposal to be recorded in profit or loss?

- A: Gain on disposal of £960
- B: Loss on disposal of £960
- C: Gain on disposal of £-3,840
- D: Loss on disposal of £4,800

Question 10 — [Financial Accounting / Asset Valuation and Depreciation]

Alpha Properties Ltd completed two projects during the year: 1) Purchased and installed a new warehouse conveyor belt system for £220,000, and 2) Had the exterior of the existing office block repainted for £22,000. How should these expenditures be classified?

- A: Both projects are Capital Expenditure.
- B: Warehouse system: Capital Expenditure (£220,000), Repainting: Revenue Expenditure (£22,000)
- C: Warehouse system: Revenue Expenditure (£220,000), Repainting: Capital Expenditure (£22,000)
- D: Both projects are Revenue Expenditure.

Question 11 — [Financial Accounting / VAT Computations]

For the last quarter, Crown Paper Ltd had net credit sales of £48,000 (excluding VAT). Gross purchases inclusive of 20% VAT were £28,800. What is the net VAT amount payable to (or reclaimable from) the tax authority?

- A: £4,800 Payable
- B: £4,800 Reclaimable
- C: £9,600 Payable
- D: £3,840 Payable

Question 12 — [Financial Accounting / Asset Valuation and Depreciation]

Zephyr Services LLP disposed of a delivery vehicle for £67,200. The vehicle had originally cost £112,000 and had accumulated depreciation of £56,000 at the date of disposal. What is the gain or loss on disposal to be recorded in profit or loss?

- A: Gain on disposal of £11,200
- B: Loss on disposal of £11,200
- C: Gain on disposal of £-44,800
- D: Loss on disposal of £56,000

Question 13 — [Financial Accounting / Trial Balance Reconciliation]

The trial balance of Meridian Distributors Ltd balanced perfectly. However, it was later discovered that a purchase of equipment costing £8,400 was entered into the repairs and maintenance account. What type of error has occurred?

- A: Error of Omission
- B: Error of Commission
- C: Error of Principle
- D: Error of Reversal

Question 14 — [Financial Accounting / Asset Valuation and Depreciation]

Crown Paper Ltd completed two projects during the year: 1) Purchased and installed a new warehouse conveyor belt system for £8,000, and 2) Had the exterior of the existing office block repainted for £800. How should these expenditures be classified?

- A: Both projects are Capital Expenditure.
- B: Warehouse system: Capital Expenditure (£8,000), Repainting: Revenue Expenditure (£800)
- C: Warehouse system: Revenue Expenditure (£8,000), Repainting: Capital Expenditure (£800)
- D: Both projects are Revenue Expenditure.

Question 15 — [Financial Accounting / Double-Entry Bookkeeping]

At 31 March, the bank statement of Swift Logistics Ltd shows a credit balance of £4,800. Unpresented checks total £1,200, and outstanding uncleared lodgements total £600. What is the reconciled balance that should appear in Swift Logistics Ltd's cash book?

- A: £4,200
- B: £5,400
- C: £6,600
- D: £3,000

Question 16 — [Financial Accounting / Trial Balance Reconciliation]

A bookkeeper at Nexus Media plc prepared a trial balance which failed to agree, with the credit side exceeding the debit side by £1,500. A suspense account was opened. Which of the following errors, when corrected, could explain this difference?

- A: A purchase invoice for £750 was completely omitted from the books.
- B: A cash payment of £750 to a supplier was debited to the purchases account but not credited to the cash account.
- C: Sales of £750 were recorded by debiting Receivables Control and debiting Sales Account.
- D: A purchase return of £750 was debited to the Purchase Returns account and credited to Receivables Control.

Question 17 — [Financial Accounting / Trial Balance Reconciliation]

A bookkeeper at Zephyr Services LLP prepared a trial balance which failed to agree, with the credit side exceeding the debit side by £240. A suspense account was opened. Which of the following errors, when corrected, could explain this difference?

- A: A purchase invoice for £120 was completely omitted from the books.
- B: A cash payment of £120 to a supplier was debited to the purchases account but not credited to the cash account.
- C: Sales of £120 were recorded by debiting Receivables Control and debiting Sales Account.
- D: A purchase return of £120 was debited to the Purchase Returns account and credited to Receivables Control.

Question 18 — [Financial Accounting / Double-Entry Bookkeeping]

At 31 March, the bank statement of Vanguard Retail Ltd shows a credit balance of £28,800. Unpresented checks total £7,200, and outstanding uncleared lodgements total £3,600. What is the reconciled balance that should appear in Vanguard Retail Ltd's cash book?

- A: £25,200
- B: £32,400
- C: £39,600
- D: £18,000

Question 19 — [Financial Accounting / VAT Computations]

For the last quarter, Falcon Engineering Ltd had net credit sales of £125,000 (excluding VAT). Gross purchases inclusive of 20% VAT were £75,000. What is the net VAT amount payable to (or reclaimable from) the tax authority?

- A: £12,500 Payable
- B: £12,500 Reclaimable
- C: £25,000 Payable
- D: £10,000 Payable

Question 20 — [Financial Accounting / Trial Balance Reconciliation]

Before correcting the year-end errors, the draft profit of Titan Steel plc was £120,000. An error was discovered: Closing inventory was overstated by £4,200. What is the revised profit after correcting this error?

- A: £124,200
- B: £115,800
- C: £120,000 (no effect on profit)
- D: £111,600

Submit Answers & Check worked Solutions

■ Section Complete!

You have completed this practice exam paper. To check your answers and view step-by-step worked explanations:

■ **Go to:** <https://applaa.com/practice/check?exam=acca&paper;=184>

Simply bubble in your choices (e.g. A, B, C, D) and get instantly scored! You can then review the explanations or chat with Appy Buddy (AI Socratic tutor) to understand complex concepts.