



Applaa ACCA Practice Mock 138

Mock Practice Exam Booklet

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Instructions & Study Method

Welcome to your Applaa offline practice booklet. Please follow these guidelines to maximize your learning outcome:

- 1. Distraction-Free Practice:** Solve the multiple-choice questions in Section 1 under timed conditions. Do not look for shortcuts or answers until you are completely done.
- 2. Check & Submit Online:** We have intentionally excluded the answer key from this printout. To get your score, see worked solutions, and track your progress metrics, open: <https://applaa.com/practice/check?exam=acca&paper;=138> on any browser. Bubble in your answers in our digital check sheet.
- 3. Learn with Appy Buddy (AI Socratic Tutor):** Applaa is a 100% ad-free educational space. Our online AI Tutor guides you step-by-step through questions you get wrong, showing you how to solve them rather than just giving you the answer.

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Section 1: Practice Questions

Question 1 — [Financial Accounting / VAT Computations]

Genesis Enterprises Ltd purchased a motor car for £54,000 inclusive of VAT, for use by a director. The car is used 60% for business travel and 40% for private travel. What is the input VAT recovery rule regarding this vehicle?

- A: Input VAT can be recovered in full (100%).
- B: Input VAT can be recovered at 60% representing the business use portion.
- C: No input VAT can be recovered because input VAT is generally blocked on passenger motor cars unless used exclusively for business (0% recovery).
- D: Input VAT can be recovered in full if the car is leased rather than purchased.

Question 2 — [Financial Accounting / Double-Entry Bookkeeping]

At 31 March, the bank statement of Zephyr Services LLP shows a credit balance of £14,400. Unpresented checks total £3,600, and outstanding uncleared lodgements total £1,800. What is the reconciled balance that should appear in Zephyr Services LLP's cash book?

- A: £12,600
- B: £16,200
- C: £19,800
- D: £9,000

Question 3 — [Financial Accounting / Double-Entry Bookkeeping]

At 31 March, the bank statement of Nexus Media plc shows a credit balance of £3,200. Unpresented checks total £800, and outstanding uncleared lodgements total £400. What is the reconciled balance that should appear in Nexus Media plc's cash book?

- A: £2,800
- B: £3,600
- C: £4,400
- D: £2,000

Question 4 — [Financial Accounting / VAT Computations]

For the last quarter, Crest Hotels Ltd had net credit sales of £24,000 (excluding VAT). Gross purchases inclusive of 20% VAT were £14,400. What is the net VAT amount payable to (or reclaimable from) the tax authority?

- A: £2,400 Payable
- B: £2,400 Reclaimable
- C: £4,800 Payable
- D: £1,920 Payable

Question 5 — [Financial Accounting / Double-Entry Bookkeeping]

At 31 March, the bank statement of Titan Steel plc shows a credit balance of £72,000. Unpresented checks total £18,000, and outstanding uncleared lodgements total £9,000. What is the reconciled balance that should appear in Titan Steel plc's cash book?

- A: £63,000
- B: £81,000
- C: £99,000
- D: £45,000

Question 6 — [Financial Accounting / VAT Computations]

A grocery distributor, Apex Trading Ltd, recorded net sales of £76,800 for standard-rate products (20% VAT) and £38,400 for zero-rated food products. What is the total output VAT generated on these sales?

- A: £15,360
- B: £23,040
- C: £7,680
- D: £0 (all food products are exempt from output VAT)

Question 7 — [Financial Accounting / Asset Valuation and Depreciation]

Apex Trading Ltd completed two projects during the year: 1) Purchased and installed a new warehouse conveyor belt system for £165,000, and 2) Had the exterior of the existing office block repainted for £16,500. How should these expenditures be classified?

- A: Both projects are Capital Expenditure.
- B: Warehouse system: Capital Expenditure (£165,000), Repainting: Revenue Expenditure (£16,500)
- C: Warehouse system: Revenue Expenditure (£165,000), Repainting: Capital Expenditure (£16,500)
- D: Both projects are Revenue Expenditure.

Question 8 — [Financial Accounting / Asset Valuation and Depreciation]

An entity purchased a machine on 1 January Year 1 for £42,000. The residual value of the machine is estimated to be £4,200 with an estimated useful life of 8 years. The entity uses the straight-line method of depreciation. What is the carrying value (net book value) of the machine on 31 December Year 2?

- A: £37,275
- B: £32,550
- C: £28,350
- D: £33,075

Question 9 — [Financial Accounting / VAT Computations]

A retail store, Solar Energy plc, purchased inventories for a gross total of £800 inclusive of standard-rate VAT at 20%. What are the net purchase cost and the input VAT amount recoverable by Solar Energy plc?

- A: Net Cost: £666, VAT Recoverable: £134
- B: Net Cost: £800, VAT Recoverable: £160
- C: Net Cost: £640, VAT Recoverable: £160
- D: Net Cost: £666, VAT Recoverable: £0 (VAT is non-recoverable on inventories)

Question 10 — [Financial Accounting / Double-Entry Bookkeeping]

The Receivables Ledger Control Account of Apex Trading Ltd is shown in the diagram. Credit sales of £22,000 were recorded, and cash of £17,600 was received from credit customers. What is the correct closing balance (balance c/f) of the account?

- A: £15,400 Debit closing balance
- B: £15,400 Credit closing balance
- C: £33,000 Debit closing balance
- D: £17,600 Credit closing balance

Question 11 — [Financial Accounting / Double-Entry Bookkeeping]

The Receivables Ledger Control Account of Crown Paper Ltd is shown in the diagram. Credit sales of £14,000 were recorded, and cash of £11,200 was received from credit customers. What is the correct closing balance (balance c/f) of the account?

- A: £9,800 Debit closing balance
- B: £9,800 Credit closing balance
- C: £21,000 Debit closing balance
- D: £11,200 Credit closing balance

Question 12 — [Financial Accounting / Asset Valuation and Depreciation]

Nexus Media plc completed two projects during the year: 1) Purchased and installed a new warehouse conveyor belt system for £150,000, and 2) Had the exterior of the existing office block repainted for £15,000. How should these expenditures be classified?

- A: Both projects are Capital Expenditure.
- B: Warehouse system: Capital Expenditure (£150,000), Repainting: Revenue Expenditure (£15,000)
- C: Warehouse system: Revenue Expenditure (£150,000), Repainting: Capital Expenditure (£15,000)
- D: Both projects are Revenue Expenditure.

Question 13 — [Financial Accounting / Double-Entry Bookkeeping]

The sole trader of Apex Trading Ltd took goods costing £7,500 from the business for personal use. These goods had a selling price of £11,250. What is the correct double entry to record this transaction?

- A: Debit Drawings £7,500, Credit Purchases £7,500
- B: Debit Drawings £11,250, Credit Revenue £11,250
- C: Debit Purchases £7,500, Credit Drawings £7,500
- D: Debit Inventory £7,500, Credit Drawings £7,500

Question 14 — [Financial Accounting / Trial Balance Reconciliation]

The trial balance of Nexus Media plc balanced perfectly. However, it was later discovered that a purchase of equipment costing £15,000 was entered into the repairs and maintenance account. What type of error has occurred?

- A: Error of Omission
- B: Error of Commission
- C: Error of Principle
- D: Error of Reversal

Question 15 — [Financial Accounting / Trial Balance Reconciliation]

The trial balance of Nexus Media plc balanced perfectly. However, it was later discovered that a purchase of equipment costing £1,200 was entered into the repairs and maintenance account. What type of error has occurred?

- A: Error of Omission
- B: Error of Commission
- C: Error of Principle
- D: Error of Reversal

Question 16 — [Financial Accounting / Asset Valuation and Depreciation]

Nova Tech Solutions Ltd disposed of a delivery vehicle for £40,320. The vehicle had originally cost £67,200 and had accumulated depreciation of £33,600 at the date of disposal. What is the gain or loss on disposal to be recorded in profit or loss?

- A: Gain on disposal of £6,720
- B: Loss on disposal of £6,720
- C: Gain on disposal of £-26,880
- D: Loss on disposal of £33,600

Question 17 — [Financial Accounting / VAT Computations]

For the last quarter, Genesis Enterprises Ltd had net credit sales of £54,000 (excluding VAT). Gross purchases inclusive of 20% VAT were £32,400. What is the net VAT amount payable to (or reclaimable from) the tax authority?

- A: £5,400 Payable
- B: £5,400 Reclaimable
- C: £10,800 Payable
- D: £4,320 Payable

Question 18 — [Financial Accounting / Trial Balance Reconciliation]

The trial balance of Titan Steel plc balanced perfectly. However, it was later discovered that a purchase of equipment costing £16,500 was entered into the repairs and maintenance account. What type of error has occurred?

- A: Error of Omission
- B: Error of Commission
- C: Error of Principle
- D: Error of Reversal

Question 19 — [Financial Accounting / Asset Valuation and Depreciation]

Swift Logistics Ltd disposed of a delivery vehicle for £34,560. The vehicle had originally cost £57,600 and had accumulated depreciation of £28,800 at the date of disposal. What is the gain or loss on disposal to be recorded in profit or loss?

- A: Gain on disposal of £5,760
- B: Loss on disposal of £5,760
- C: Gain on disposal of £-23,040
- D: Loss on disposal of £28,800

Question 20 — [Financial Accounting / Asset Valuation and Depreciation]

Meridian Distributors Ltd completed two projects during the year: 1) Purchased and installed a new warehouse conveyor belt system for £60,000, and 2) Had the exterior of the existing office block repainted for £6,000. How should these expenditures be classified?

- A: Both projects are Capital Expenditure.
- B: Warehouse system: Capital Expenditure (£60,000), Repainting: Revenue Expenditure (£6,000)
- C: Warehouse system: Revenue Expenditure (£60,000), Repainting: Capital Expenditure (£6,000)
- D: Both projects are Revenue Expenditure.

Submit Answers & Check worked Solutions

■ Section Complete!

You have completed this practice exam paper. To check your answers and view step-by-step worked explanations:

■ **Go to:** <https://applaa.com/practice/check?exam=acca&paper;=138>

Simply bubble in your choices (e.g. A, B, C, D) and get instantly scored! You can then review the explanations or chat with Appy Buddy (AI Socratic tutor) to understand complex concepts.